

## ARIZONA MINING CAMP IS RAIDED

RESIDENTS FORCED TO FLEE TO NOGALES—SOLDIERS GO TO RESCUE.

QUIET AT BROWNSVILLE, TEX.

No Difficulty Anticipated in Punishment of Bandit Who Slew Farmer—Langhorne to Cross Line to Help Prisoner.

Tucson, Ariz.—Mexican bandits are reported to have raided Polaris, a mining camp seven miles below Lochiel, on the border, driving out the Americans, who escaped to Nogales in automobiles. Col. Sage, commanding at Nogales, sent a company of infantry and 20 cavalrymen to guard Lochiel, Washington Camp and other towns on the American side.

A telephone message from Washington Camp stated that American soldiers had crossed the line and visited Polaris Camp, but found the bandits had fled. No further trouble was reported.

Brownsville, Tex.—United States soldiers will not cross into Mexico from this section of the border, it was said at Fort Brown, as the result of the killing of Curtis Bayles, American farmer, by three supposed Mexican bandits near Mercedes.

It was reported to Fort Brown that one of the bandits had been killed and two captured. The matter was referred to Gen. Alfredo Ricourt, Carranza commandant at Matamoros, opposite here, and upon his promise to apprehend the remainder of the Mexicans, no further action will be taken at this time.

Reports reaching Marathon, Tex., indicate that Major George Langhorne and Troops A and B, Eighth Cavalry, have again dashed across the Rio Grande from Boquillas in an effort to surprise the bandits holding Jess Deemer, a Texan, as prisoner.

## RAIDS BORDER MINING CAMP

Bandits Drive Residents From Polaris, Mexico—United States Troops Go to Scene.

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## TAFT SUGGESTS CONSCRIPTION

Says America's Trouble Is That We "Cannot Look Out for Future"—Addresses Perfumers.

New York.—Former President Taft, speaking here at the annual banquet of the Manufacturing Perfumers' Association, declared "that the trouble with us Americans is that we cannot look out for the future."

"In my judgment," he said, "whenever we get into a war we ought to have conscription at once. We ought to have conscription so that everyone should be equally subject to military service. I think England now would be much better off had she adopted conscription earlier. Everyone ought to stand equally before the law in rendering military service."

## House Fixes Postal Savings Limit.

Washington.—The house adopted the conference report on the bill amending the postal savings law. The amendment provides that instead of limiting deposits to \$100, \$1,000 may be deposited in any one month.

## Shoots Girl, Kills Himself.

Williamsville, Mo.—After shooting his stepdaughter, Mrs. Stella Hawthorne, Arthur Goodman, a farmer living near here, killed himself with a revolver. The stepdaughter was married a few days ago.

## Prohibitionists Name Delegates.

Sedalia, Mo.—Missouri Prohibitionists held a state convention here and selected 31 delegates to the national convention at St. Paul in July.

## Bulgaria Grants Plea.

Sofia.—The American legation's request for better treatment of British prisoners in Bulgaria has been granted, it was announced officially.

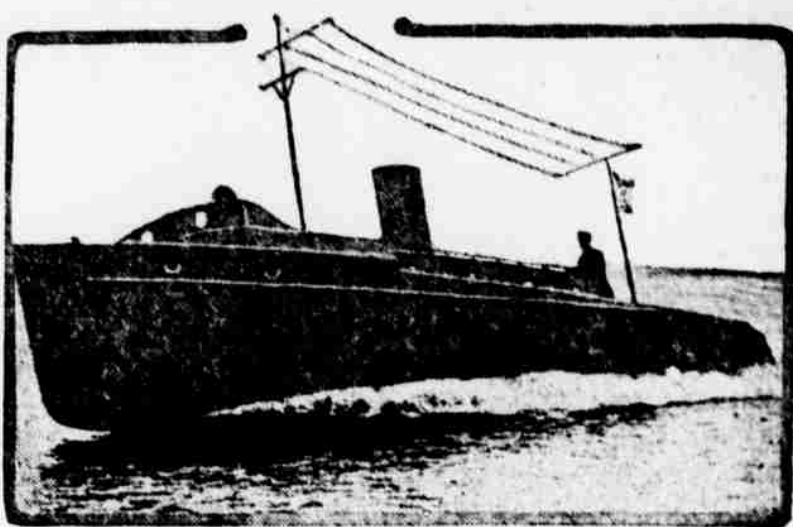
## Dynamite as Football.

New York.—Tenants in the building at 10 Prince street kicked a stick of dynamite around the hallways for three days before a laborer discovered the nature of the explosive football.

## Orders Hat by Wireless.

New York.—By wireless Señora De Betancourt, wife of the Colombian minister to this country, ordered a new hat when the old one was blown from the steamer Almirante in mid-ocean. Hubby met her at the pier with the new headgear.

## NEW PATROL BOAT ON SPEED TRIAL



Patrol boat No. 2 on her speed trials in Lynn bay, making an average of 24 miles an hour. The trials were pronounced satisfactory under the direction of Stewart Davis, who is commander of the Volunteer Patrol Squadron. The No. 2 is the first of the fleet of four now under way. These new type patrol boats are 40 feet over all, 8 feet 8 inches beam, and 3 feet draft, fitted with 135-horse-power engines.

## EXECUTE TWO MORE IRISH AUSTRIAN SHIP TORPEDOED

CONNELLY AND McDIARMID PAY THE PENALTY.

Only One Signer of Proclamation Left to Be Tried—Dyer Introduces Resolution.

Dublin, Ireland.—James Connelly, leader of the Irish rebel army, and S. McDiarmid, one of the signers of the proclamation establishing an Irish republic, were executed yesterday morning. It was officially announced.

Two rebel leaders were convicted by a courtmartial and sentenced to death. The sentence in each instance was approved by Gen. Maxwell, in command of the government forces in Ireland.

Connelly was wounded in the fighting for the general postoffice in Dublin and surrendered. The execution of McDiarmid leaves only Eamon Ceannt of the seven signers of the republican proclamation still alive, the others having been shot.

## Dyer Introduces Resolution.

Washington, May 11.—Representative Dyer of Missouri introduced a resolution asking congress formally to denounce the action of the British government for its execution of the leaders of the Irish rebellion.

The Dyer resolution was referred to committee without debate or other action.

## SPLITS OVER ORGANIZATION

Senate Members Insist House Accept Their Plan for Reserve and Civilian Training Camps.

Washington, D. C.—Disagreement over the method of organization of the regular army again is threatening the army bill in conference. The conferees of the senate and the house had a stormy and fruitless session for several hours, the senate members insisting that the method in the senate bill must be accepted or there would be another disagreement reported to congress.

Notwithstanding the apparent deadlock, however, senate leaders still are confident that there will be an agreement on an expansive organization system for a regular army of 180,000 men, 400,000 national guard reserve and a provision for civilian training camps available to the average citizen.

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## Authors to Train for Army.

Indianapolis, Ind.—Two of Indiana's famous sons—Meredith Nicholson and Booth Tarkington—put their names to the enlistment roll for summer military training at Fort Benjamin Harrison.

## No Bar, 40, Quit Club.

Beechurst, N. Y.—Forty members of the Beechurst Yacht Club, who love water as a thing to sail on left in a body when the organization voted to abolish its bar.

## Breed Rocks for Food.

London.—A Central News dispatch to the Berliner Tageblatt prints a ministerial circular issued in Berlin advising the breeding of rooks for food.

## Dog Survivor of Lost Steamer.

Houghton, Mich.—Members of the coast guard rescued from a life raft the steamer S. R. Kirby the pet bulldog of Capt. David Girardin, who was lost with 18 of his crew when the vessel sank off Keweenaw Point, Lake Superior.

PASSENGER STEAMER DUBROVNIK SUNK WITHOUT WARNING.

United States Will Not Protest Sinking of Vessel Unless American Passengers Were Aboard It, Washington Says.

Berlin, Germany.—The Austrian passenger liner Dubrovnik has been torpedoed and sunk by an enemy submarine in the Adriatic without any warning, according to dispatches received here. The Dubrovnik was not armed.

An official dispatch from Rome announced that an Austrian transport was sunk in the lower Adriatic by a French submarine. This is the only torpedoing that has been mentioned from Rome for several days. It is possible that the torpedoed boat and that declared by the Austrians to be a passenger liner is the same steamer which the Italians assert was carrying supplies.

The Dubrovnik was a steel screw steamer, displacing 4,238 tons, 280 feet long, with a 49-foot beam. She was built in 1912 and registered at the port of Rijeka.

Washington, May 12.—Unless American citizens were on board the Austrian passenger liner Dubrovnik, reported torpedoed without warning by an enemy submarine in the Adriatic, this government will not protest the attack. The view of officials was that the attack on the Dubrovnik even if proved to be illegal, would be placed alongside such cases as the Yawaka Maru and the Gyuma, Japanese and British ships, respectively, which were torpedoed without warning, but on which there were no American citizens.

## THREE CHIVALROUS ROBBERS

Hold Up Watchman Outside of Post Office, But Return His Valuables.

Lancaster, Pennsylvania.—After holding up the watchman, Clarence Kreider, outside the building, and while one of their number guarded him, three yokemen robbed the Little post office and obtained several hundred dollars' worth of stamps and money and some mail matter.

The watchman then was compelled to accompany the robbers a mile out of town, where his revolver, empty, and his money and watch were returned to him.

"We are not robbing a poor man, but Uncle Sam," the robbers told him.

## CANADIAN GRAFT SCANDAL

Ottawa, Ontario.—Testimony was given at the investigation of the Canadian Shell commission's graft scandal showing that B. F. Yoakum, former chairman of the board of directors of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, was to get \$475,000 in connection with the sale of munitions to the commission.

The testimony was offered by E. D. Cadwell of the American Ammunition Company.

Cadwell admitted that an agreement had been made for the division of \$1,000,000 commission for trouble in negotiating the contract with the Canadian shell committee.

The final agreement, Cadwell explained, was that Yoakum was to get \$475,000 and Bassick \$275,000, while \$250,000 was to go to himself. This money was to come out of the payments for the fuses delivered.

## Auto Plant Pay Increase Effective.

Toledo, O.—The 20 per cent increase in wages and the eight-hour day schedule at the plant of the Willys-Overland Co. became effective. Nearly 18,000 factory employees are affected.

## Woman's Body in Reservoir.

Benton, Ill.—The body of Mrs. Mike Tenowich was found floating in the city reservoir near Christopher with indications that she had been murdered. Her husband was arrested on suspicion.

## Sent to Jail for Fraud.

New York.—Samuel Friedman said he thought he knew Mrs. Katherine Phippard and gave her a friendly greeting by slapping her on the back. Three months in jail; now you'll know better," said the court.

## SEEK MORE DATA ABOUT GOOD ROADS

MANY COUNTIES IN STATE SHOW DEEP INTEREST IN PROPOSED BOND ISSUES.

## MOVEMENT IS CONTAGIOUS

St. Louis County Officials Beseeched for Information—Clay County to Consider Proposition—Old Stoddard Getting in Line.

## Jefferson City.

The "good roads movement" in the various Missouri counties continues to spread. Last week William Selbel, clerk of St. Louis County, received a letter from the citizens of Phelps county, asking for data and literature concerning St. Louis County's \$3,000,000 bond issue for good roads. Phelps County is contemplating a special election to authorize a bond issue for this purpose, it was said.

Clay County is considering an election to vote on a bond issue of \$1,250,000 and Stoddard County is planning a \$1,000,000 bond issue.

## Work for New Constitution.

An organization to work for a new constitution for the state of Missouri was formed at Sedalia last week. The organization will be known as the New Constitution Association, and its purpose will be to get the next general assembly to submit a call for a constitutional convention.

The League of Missouri Municipalities, the State Teachers Association, the Federation of Commercial Clubs and the Bar Association had delegates at the meeting. Headquarters for the association have been opened at Sedalia.

The following executive committee was appointed for the new organization: Walter Williams, dean of the University of Missouri School of Journalism; Dr. W. S. Dearmont, the president of the Cape Girardeau Normal; Dr. W. H. Black, president of Missouri Valley College; S. L. Davis, of the Maryville Normal; and William P. Evans, the principal of the Blow School in St. Louis.

## To Ask Officers to Resign.

News which leaked out of the Law, reason county grand jury room indicates that instead of indictments being returned as a result of the investigation of the management of the financial affairs of the State Tuberculosis Hospital, the grand jury will make a recommendation to Governor Major that there be a thorough reorganization of the institution and that many of the officials be removed.

Five members of the board of managers of the sanatorium, Dr. C. P. English, the superintendent, and Wm. J. Salte, the steward, were the only witnesses before the grand jury.

It is known that the jurors have discussed returning into court a recommendation urging the governor to demand the resignations of many of the persons now connected with the institution.

## Attacks Water Rates.

William F. Woerner of St. Louis, representing the civic league, the central civic council, the central labor union and a few citizens of St. Louis, has filed with the public service commission an attack upon the water rates of that city as grossly discriminating between the schedules charged to manufacturers and to private citizens.

It is contended in the petition that the discrimination is so excessive in favor of the manufacturers as to amount to 200 per cent in many cases, and 300 per cent in some cases for exactly the same service and under the same conditions.

## Grain Rates Attacked.

J. A. Gunnell of Mexico, Mo., secretary of the Missouri State Grain Dealers' Association, asked the state public service commission to inquire into grain rates charged by the Missouri Pacific, Rock Island, Missouri, Kansas & Texas and Frisco Railroads. Gunnell alleges these roads charge more for shipping grain from certain points than from others where the haul is longer.

## Contract for Capitol Terrace.

The Capitol Building Commission has awarded a contract to Joseph Pope of Jefferson City for the construction of the terrace and driveway on the southern front of the new capitol. The John Gill & Sons Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, contractors for the building of the structure, objected to the awarding of the contract, contending that this was a part of the construction of the building proper.

## Car Line Hearing.

The application of a St. Louis taxpayers' association, pending before the public service commission for several months, for better east and west car service in North St. Louis, will be heard before Judge McQuillin of the commission in St. Louis on May 25. The application seeks an order from the commission to compel the street car company to construct two additional lines between the Mississippi river and the western limits of the city for the accommodation of those who live in North St. Louis.

## Bank Petitions Ready.

The initiative petitions by which the Gardner state land bank act will be submitted to the voters of Missouri at the November election have been completed and they soon will be filed with the secretary of state.

While the law provides that it is only necessary to file petitions covering 5 per cent of the voters in 11 congressional districts, the initiative petition committee canvassed each of the 114 Missouri counties and each of the 16 congressional districts, and has more than sufficient signatures from each of the districts.

Samuel Rosenfeld is chairman of the initiative committee. Other members are: C. O. Rathe of Canton, Noah W. Simpson of LaBelle, Senator Anderson Craig of Maryville, and A. T. Edmonston, the secretary, of Jefferson City.

The land bank act was passed by the general assembly. It was held, however, that the law could not become effective, because the state constitution contained no provision authorizing such a law. It was for this reason that the initiative was invoked.

The petitions will submit the law to the voters, and if it carries the law becomes effective January 1, 1917, without further action.

The idea of the land bank was conceived by Col. Fred D. Gardner, one of the candidates for the Democratic nomination for governor more than two years ago.

## U. S. Crop Report.

A summary of the crop report for the state of Missouri for May as compiled by the bureau of crop estimates, United States Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Winter Wheat—Estimate, 21,500,000 bushels, last year, 24,105,000.

Rye—Estimate, 280,000 bushels, last year, 315,000.

Meadows—Condition 92, as compared with a ten year average of 87.

Pasture—Condition 90, as compared with a ten year average of 85.

Spring Plowing—Per cent done by May 1, 63, compared with 78 for last year.

Spring Planting—Per cent done by May 1, 48, as compared with 67 for last year.

Hay—Old crop on farms estimated at 834,090 tons, compared with 1,177,000 last year.

Prices—The first price given below is the average on May 1 of this year, and the second the average for last year at the same time.

Wheat—106 and 115 cents per bushel, 77 and 77 cents, oats, 45 and 47 cents, potatoes, 106 and 88 cents, hay, \$9.20 and \$14.40 per ton, cotton, 112 and 80 cents per pound, eggs, 15 and 16 cents per dozen.

## Funds Not Available.

The state of Missouri has plenty of money on hand, but on account of the constitutional and statutory provisions, there is very little of it available at the present time to meet current expenses payable out of the revenue fund. In the explanation made in a statement just issued by Auditor Gordon. This statement, which the auditor says will be made regularly hereafter, shows that there was a total balance in the treasury on May 1 of \$4,152,622.21, and that there was a balance in the revenue fund at that time of \$278,549.85. The state school fund amounted to \$1,212,549.94 and the capitol building fund to \$1,944,815.94.

## Board Awards Three Contracts.

Three state contracts were awarded by the State Printing Commission. One was awarded to the Hugh Stephens Printing Company of this city for the state printing for six years, from July 1, 1916, at the same price paid for the last six years. The contract for furnishing the stationery for the various departments for one year was given to Paul Hunt of this city, and the paper contract to the Graham Paper Company of St. Louis for like period.

The stationery contract will amount to about \$4,500 and the paper contract probably to \$20,000. The printing contract amounts to about \$50,000 a year.

## Speed Up the Declarations.

There is but a little over two weeks left in which filings for places on the official ballot of the state primary can be made. The law requires that all filings must be completed not less than 60 days before the date of the primary, and the expiration of this time limit falls on June 1.

## Provision of Proposed Law.

The land bank law is calculated to relieve the farmer of paying the interest that with bonuses and premiums sometimes reaches from 10 to 20 per cent. Under the proposed system the farmer can obtain a loan on his land or the improvements on the land at the rate of 4.5 to 5 per cent by issuing what is practically a bond with the state of Missouri back of it. The loan will be issued in such a way that at the time of the payment of the interest the farmers will also pay a part of the principal.

## Files New Proceeding.

The United Railways of St. Louis having lost in the U. S. supreme court the celebrated "mill tax" suit, has filed a new court proceeding in an endeavor to dodge the payment of the assessment.

## Clark Files for Congress.

Speaker Champ Clark of Pike has filed his official declaration as a candidate for congress from his district. The secretary of state has a busy time keeping up with the prospective officeholders.

## FUNSTON PROBES MYSTERIOUS FIRES

BUILDINGS DESTROYED AT EL PASO GARRISON BY SUSPECTED INCENDIARIES.

## CENTRAL AMERICANS BITTER

Bandits Make Another Raid Near Boquillas—Funston Makes Report of Conference to Secretary Baker.

El Paso, Tex.—Army posts and stations along the border were on their guard against incendiaries, following the fires at Fort Bliss, where flames of unknown origin destroyed a storehouse, three cavalry stables, three horses and some tents.

Army officers express the opinion that an investigation will disclose that the fires could not have been of spontaneous or of accidental origin. The storehouse, where the first fire occurred, contained some machine guns.

Two other fires of recent occurrence have been of suspicious nature. At the field base at Columbus, N. M., about 1500 worth of hay was destroyed. Two weeks ago the El Paso County Club, not far from Fort Bliss, burned to the ground with a loss of \$35,000.

## Central Americans Bitter.

Panama.—The cruiser Raleigh, which arrived here from Corinto, reports a bitter anti-American feeling in all the republics of Central America on account of the Mexican situation. The natives are discussing a combined offensive against the United States if the American government attempts armed intervention in Mexico.

## Another Bandit Raid.

Marathon, Texas.—Another raid on American territory by Mexican bandits was made at McKinney Springs ranch, 37 miles south of Marathon and 23 miles north of Boquillas, along the Marathon-Boquillas road.

## Funston Reports.

Washington.—Major Gen. Scott, chief of staff of the army, is here with a detailed report of his discussion at El Paso with Gen. Alvaro Obregon, war minister of the de facto government of Mexico. The conference brought no formal or even tentative agreement as to the situation along the border, and the status of American troops now in Mexico, but there were indications that Gen. Scott will be able to give Secretary Baker and officials of the state department definite information as to what Gen. Obregon proposes to do toward demonstrating his ability to stop brigandage along the international line.

## Slayer Captured.

Leavenworth, Kan.—William White, the discharged negro prospector who killed two negroes and wounded a white woman, was captured in a battle, after an exchange of shots with soldiers from Fort Leavenworth. White received a wound in the arm.

## 10 Babies in 13 Years.

Bristol, Tenn.—When twins, a boy and girl, were born to Mrs. John Hedges, they brought her total to ten children in thirteen years. Mrs. Hedges is 29 years old.

## Guard Officers Asked to Quit.

Denver, Colo.—Adjutant General Harry P. Gamble requested the resignations of all officers of the field and staff, in letters which stated that they were called for in order that "such action may be taken as will promote the welfare" of the Colorado national guard.

## 170 Indians Made Citizens.

Greenwood Indian Agency, S. D.—Franklin Lane, secretary of the interior, granted full citizenship rights to 170 residents of the Yankton Sioux reservation.

## Fire Burns Over 2,500 Acres.

Santa Fe, N. M.—A forest fire burned 2,500 acres in the Jemez division of the Santa Fe national forest, and on adjoining lands of the Bana location and the Santa Fe Indian reservation.

## No Parades in Ireland.

Dublin, Ireland.—Gen. Maxwell, commanding the British forces in Ireland, issued a proclamation forbidding all parades and political or athletic meetings in Ireland without written police authority.

## German Vice Chancellor Resigns.

Berlin.—Dr. Clemens Delbrueck, minister of the interior and vice chancellor, has resigned. The Overseas News Agency says Dr. Delbrueck's resignation is due to ill health.

## 1,791 in Progressive Meeting.

Chicago.—There will be 1,791 delegates at the Progressive national convention, to be held in the Auditorium Theater, June 7, it was announced at Progressive headquarters.

## "Dead" Man Returns.

Centralla, Mo.—Kenneth Williams, who had been absent from Missouri for several years and was reported dead and his estate settled, appeared here and collected the money that had been paid to others by order of the probate court.